Introduced by Assembly Member Ruskin

February 22, 2005

An act to add Article 11 (commencing with Section 905) to Chapter 4 of Part 1 of Division 1 of the Public Utilities Code, relating to telecommunications.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1082, as introduced, Ruskin. Telecommunications: consumer protection.

Under existing law, the Public Utilities Commission has regulatory authority over public utilities, including telephone corporations. Pursuant to existing law, the commission adopted a general order applicable to all commission-regulated telecommunications utilities known as the telecommunications consumers' Bill of Rights.

This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to establish consumer protections that are at a minimum, as protective as those originally adopted by the commission in the telecommunication consumers' Bill of Rights and to establish additional protections for the right of privacy of consumers. The bill would require that the commission, by July 1, 2006, develop and enforce consumer protection rules for telecommunications service, including mobile telephony services, as defined, that achieve certain policies and meet specified requirements. The bill would additionally require that the commission, by July 1, 2006, develop and enforce consumer protection rules for charges for non-communications services on telephone corporation billings, that meet specified requirements.

Under existing law, a violation of the Public Utilities Act or an order or decision of the commission is a crime.

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Certain provisions of this bill would be part of the act and an order or other action of the commission would be required to implement certain of the provisions. Because a violation of the bill's provisions or of an order or decision of the commission implementing those provisions would be a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program by creating new crimes.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Article 11 (commencing with Section 905) is added to Chapter 4 of Part 1 of Division 1 of the Public Utilities Code, to read:

4 Article 11. Telecommunications Bill of Rights

905. (a) It is the intent of the Legislature to establish consumer protections that are at a minimum, as protective as those adopted by the commission in Decision 04-05-057.

- (b) For purposes of this section, "mobile telephony services" means commercially available interconnected mobile phone services that provide access to the public switched telephone network (PSTN) via mobile communication devices employing radiowave technology to transmit calls, including cellular radiotelephone, broadband Personal Communications Services (PCS), and digital Specialized Mobile Radio (SMR). "Mobile telephony services" does not include mobile satellite services or mobile data services used exclusively for the delivery of nonvoice information to a mobile device.
- (c) The commission shall, by July 1, 2006, develop and enforce consumer protection rules for telecommunications service, including mobile telephony services, that achieve all of the following policies:

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(1) A consumer has a right to receive clear and complete information about rates, terms, and conditions for available products and services, and to be charged only according to the rates, terms, and conditions the consumer has agreed to.

- (2) A consumer has a right to select services and vendors, and to have the consumer's choices respected by telecommunications service providers.
- (3) A consumer has a right to personal privacy, to have protection from unauthorized use of the consumer's records and personal information, and to reject intrusive communications and technology.
- (4) A consumer has a right to participate in public policy proceedings, to be informed of his or her rights and what agencies enforce those rights, and to have effective recourse if his or her rights are violated.
- (5) A consumer has a right to accurate and understandable bills for products and services authorized by the consumer, and to fair, prompt, and courteous redress for problems the consumer encounters.
- (6) A consumer has the right to be treated equally to all other similarly-situated consumers, free of prejudice or disadvantage.
- (7) A consumer has a right to safety and security of person and property.
- (d) The rules adopted by the commission pursuant to subdivision (c) shall include all of the following requirements:
- (1) A telephone corporation shall disclose its rates, terms, and conditions of service and, upon request, provide its customers with a complete explanation of the charges comprising the customer's bill.
- (2) A telephone corporation shall make no statement about rates and services that is deceptive, untrue, or misleading.
- (3) A telephone corporations shall provide customers with written confirmation of every order for service and a written copy of each contract between the telephone corporation and the customer. A customer may cancel without termination fees or penalties, any new service or contract for service within 30 days after the new service is initiated.
- (4) Every advertisement of the price, rate, or unit value of a prepaid calling card or prepaid calling service shall include a disclosure of any geographic limitation on the advertised price,

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any minimum charges, any expiration policies, and any relevant fees or surcharges. If any language other than English is used in the advertising or promotion of the prepaid calling card or prepaid calling service the disclosure shall be in that language.

- (5) A telephone corporation may not require a deposit to establish or re-establish service unless a customer is unable to demonstrate acceptable credit. No deposit imposed by a telephone corporation may exceed twice the estimated monthly bill for basic service. Every deposit shall be refunded after one continuous year of timely payments for basic service by the customer, and not later than 30 days after basic service is discontinued.
- (6) Every telephone corporation billing statement shall be clearly organized and may only contain charges for products and services which have been authorized by the customer. All mandated government taxes, surcharges, and fees required to be collected from customers and to be remitted to federal, state, or local governments shall be separately listed and identified as "government fees and taxes". This section of the billing shall not include any charges for which the company is not required to remit the moneys to the government.
- (7) A telephone corporation shall credit payments effective the business day payments are received by the telephone corporation or its agent. No billing shall include any previously unbilled charge for intrastate service furnished more than three months immediately preceding the date of the billing, except that the billing may include roaming charges for mobile telephony services on a system other than the subscriber's home system for up to four months immediately preceding the date of the billing, and the billing may include charges for collect, third-party, and calling card calls for up to the five months immediately preceding the date of the billing. Telephone corporations shall prorate charges for basic service for partial months. Billings must be based on the rates in effect at the time the service was used.
- (8) A telephone corporation shall provide reasonable notice to all affected customers of every proposed change in the customer's service agreement or any contract change that may result in higher rates or charges or more restrictive terms or conditions and any service agreement or contract change may not be implemented without the express consent of the customer.

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(9) A telephone corporations shall provide written notice to any customer whose payments are overdue not less than 7 calendar days prior to terminating service for non-payment. Basic exchange service may not be disconnected on any day that telephone corporation representatives are not available to assist customers.

- (10) A telephone corporation shall investigate a customer billing dispute and reach a determination and communicate that determination to the customer within 30 days. During the investigation of the customer billing dispute, no late charge or penalty may be collected from the customer, the charge in dispute may not be sent to collection, and no adverse credit report may be filed as to the customer. Disputes shall be resolved pursuant to California law and the forum for adjudication of disputes shall be the county in California in which the customer receives the billing or the customer's primary place of use of the service.
- (11) A telephone corporation shall designate one or more representatives to be available during regular business hours to accept Consumer Affairs Branch inquires from the commission. The telephone corporation shall provide all documents and information requested by the branch.
- (12) A telephone corporation shall issue an identification card to every employee who has occasion to enter the premises of customers on behalf of the telephone corporation. No telephone corporation shall misrepresent, or allow its employees to misrepresent, its association or affiliation with the corporation when soliciting or implementing the customer's agreement to purchase products or services.
- (13) A telephone corporation shall provide every residential customer, and every mobile telephony handset that is technologically compatible with its system, with access to the 9-1-1 emergency dialing system regardless of whether an account has been established.
- (e) The commission shall, by July 1, 2006, develop and enforce consumer protection rules for charges for non-communications services on telephone corporation billings, that include all of the following:
- 39 (1) A telephone corporation billing may not contain 40 non-communications related charges unless the telephone

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corporation obtains the express written authorization of the customer and the telephone corporation uses a Personal Identification Number (PIN) or other equally reliable security procedure approved by the commission, that is designed to prevent persons or entities other than the customer and individuals authorized by the customer, from placing charges.

- (2) A telephone corporation shall take reasonable precautions to screen vendors and billing agents before agreeing to provide billing services for non-communications related charges by the vendor or billing agent, in order to screen out unreliable or untrustworthy business entities.
- (3) A telephone corporation shall not disconnect basic telephone service for nonpayment of non-communications related charges.
- (4) A telephone corporation shall separately identify all non-communications related charges on every billing, with clear and concise descriptions of the product or service for which a charge has been imposed.
- 906. (a) It is the intent of the Legislature to establish additional protections for the right of privacy of consumers. Consumer information that is protected by the right of privacy is that information collected or developed by a carrier solely by virtue of the relationship with the consumer to which the consumer has a reasonable expectation of privacy, including:
- (1) Information about the consumer collected directly from the consumer or from another source, including the consumer's social security number, credit history, and personal financial information.
- (2) Information about the consumer derived from the provision of service to the consumer, including the consumer's calling patterns, types of calls, destinations of calls, amount of usage, services subscribed to by the consumer, and other information derived from telephone billings.
- (3) The consumer's name, telephone number, and address, for those consumers requesting that this information be withheld from a printed or electronic directory. Published subscriber list information is not protected by the right of privacy.
- 38 (b) The commission shall, by July 1, 2006, develop and 39 enforce consumer protection rules for telecommunications

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service, including mobile telephony services, that achieve all of the following policies:

- (1) Require every provider of telecommunications services to be responsible for the appropriate handling of confidential consumer information that is protected by a right to privacy that is under its control and to designate an individual or individuals who are accountable for the provider's duty to protect the personal privacy of consumers.
- (2) Except for those exceptions set forth in subdivision (d) of Section 2891 and Section 2894, require a provider of telecommunications services to collect, use, and disclose to third parties confidential consumer information that is protected by the right to privacy only with the knowledge and prior affirmative written consent of the consumer, and only for the purposes agreed to by the consumer. For purposes of this paragraph, "third party" means any person not employed by the provider of a corporation other than the provider, including an affiliate of the provider.
- (3) Except for those exceptions set forth in subdivision (d) of Section 2891 and Section 2894, require a provider of telecommunications services to first obtain the consumer's consent before using confidential information for a purpose other than the provision of, or billing for, services performed for the consumer, including marketing a different type of service or other products unrelated to the type of service already being provided to the consumer. In obtaining the consumer's consent, the provider of telecommunications services shall clearly identify the purposes for which the information is collected. The provider of telecommunications services shall maintain a record of every consent obtained pursuant to this paragraph, so long as the provider continues to provide service to the consumer.
- (4) Require a provider of telecommunications services to provide consumers with reasonable notice of their privacy rights. Whenever a provider of telecommunications services seeks to collect confidential information or to obtain a consumer's consent to use or disclose confidential information, the provider must first provide the consumer, in a clear, accurate, and non-misleading manner, sufficient information to enable the consumer to make an informed decision about whether to provide the information requested or whether to give consent to its use or

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disclosure. This information shall be provided in writing. This paragraph does not prohibit the provider from providing additional information over and above the requirements of this paragraph, by nonwritten means.

- (5) Upon request by the consumer, require a provider of telecommunications services to disclose to the consumer the confidential information about the consumer that the provider has in its possession and afford the consumer the opportunity to challenge any inaccuracies. A provider shall exercise due care to correct any inaccuracies brought to the attention of the provider by the consumer. Upon request by the consumer, a provider of telecommunications services shall disclose to the consumer how the consumer's confidential information has been used and every person or entity that was provided with access to the confidential information. The provider may refuse to process unreasonably repetitive requests from the same individual for information.
- SEC. 2. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution.